



RAN-2506000907030001

Bachelor of Science (Nursing) Sem. - VII

Examination September - 2025

Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I and II

Time: 3 Hours]

[Total Marks: 75

સૂચના : / Instructions

(1)

નીચે દર્શાવેલ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી.
Fill up strictly the details of signs on your answer book

Name of the Examination:

Bachelor of Science (Nursing) Sem. - VII

Name of the Subject :

Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I and II

Subject Code No.: **2506000907030001**

Seat No.:

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Student's Signature

Section - I (37 Marks)

Q. 1. Multiple choice questions:

(06×01=06)

- The time limit for registering the event of Birth is -
 - 7 days
 - 14-11 days
 - 12-18 days
 - 21 days
- Full form of RMC is -
 - Reward Maternity care
 - Rememberable Maternity care
 - Respectful Maternity Care
 - Respectful Midwifery care
- Death Review is also known as -
 - Mortality audit
 - Morbidity audit
 - Neonatal Mortality
 - Fertility Calculation
- During Sitting, weight of the whole body bears on -
 - Ischial Tuberosities
 - Iliac Crest
 - Ischial Spines
 - Symphysis Pubis

5. FSH and LH levels during pregnancy are -
 - a) Inhibited
 - b) Increased
 - c) Unchanged
 - d) Decreased
6. Maternal Serum Marker assessed for the screening of Down syndrome is -
 - a) Alpha feto protein
 - b) hCG
 - c) Inhibin A
 - d) Beta hCG

Q. 2. Long Essay (Any One) (01×10=10)

- a. Explain third stage of labor, its sign and symptoms and Physiological events.
- b. Describe in detail about Ethical issues in maternal and Neonatal care.

Q. 3. Write Short notes on (Any Three) (03×05=15)

- a. Fetal Circulation
- b. Vibro Acoustic Stimulation Test
- c. Lotus Birth
- d. Physiology of Lactation

Q. 4. Write very Short answers on (Any Three) (03×02=06)

- a. Two phases of first stage of labor
- b. Tonic neck relex and Moro's reflex
- c. Types of Lochia
- d. Define Balanced Counselling Strategy.

Section - II (38 Marks)

Q. 1. Multiple choice questions: (07×01=07)

1. Most common cause of fetal demise in cases of placental abruption is -
 - a) Hypoxia
 - b) Hypovolemia
 - c) Preterm Labor
 - d) Intracranial Hemorrhage
2. Mastitis is the infection and inflammation of -
 - a) Lactiferous ducts
 - b) Sebaceous glands
 - c) Bartholin's glands
 - d) Secondary Areola

3. Hemorrhage in newborn occur due to the impairments of -
 - a) Coagulation Factor II
 - b) Coagulation Factor VII
 - c) Coagulation Factor IX & X
 - d) All of the above
4. Time of Ovulation is detected by -
 - a) Urine LH
 - b) Urine FSH
 - c) Urine hCG
 - d) Serum Estradiol
5. Condition characterized by the failure of the uterus to contract after delivery, leading to excessive bleeding, is -
 - a) Pre-eclampsia
 - b) Placenta Previa
 - c) Uterine Atony
 - d) Eclampsia
6. Gynecological disorder characterized by the presence of benign tumors in the uterus, is -
 - a) Endometriosis
 - b) Ovarian Cysts
 - c) Fibroids
 - d) PCOS
7. Primary Purpose of Vacuum Extraction procedure is -
 - a) To monitor FHR
 - b) To assist in delivering fetal head
 - c) To assess fetal lung maturity
 - d) To induce labor

Q. 2. Long Essay (Any One) (01×10=10)

- a. What is APH? Explain in detail about Abruptio Placenta.
- b. Discuss Induction of Labor. Enlist its Indications. What are the methods to induce Labor Pain?

Q. 3. Write Short notes on (Any Three) (03×05=15)

- a. Hyperemesis Gravidarum
- b. Dilatation & Evacuation
- c. Prolonged Labor
- d. Prostaglandins

Q. 4. Write very short answers on (Any Three) (03×02=06)

- a. Craniotomy
- b. HPV vaccination
- c. Prevention of S.I.D.S.
- d. Monozygotic & Dizygotic Twins